Centre No.		Surname	Initial(s)								
Candidate No.	5	5 5 4 4 / 1 4 Signature									
	Paper Reference(s) 5544/14						Examiner's use only				
	Edexce	I GC	SE		Team Leader's use only						
	2544 Mathematics B										
	Unit 4 (Terr	minal)									
	Paper 14 – 3	Section	A (N	on-	Calo	culator)					
	Higher Tier			•		h					
	Practice Pa	per C									
	Time: 1 hour	10 minu	ites								
	Materials required f	<u>'or</u>	<u>Items</u>		ded wit	th question	_				
	Ruler graduated in cen millimetres, protractor		Form	ılae sh	eet.						

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser. Tracing paper may be used.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your Centre Number and Candidate Number, your surname, initial(s) and signature.

Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer **ALL** the questions in the spaces provided in this question paper.

Supplementary answer sheets may be used.

Information for Candidates

The total mark for this paper is 60.

The marks for the various parts of questions are shown in round brackets, e.g.: (2).

This paper has 15 questions.

Calculators may NOT be used.

Advice to Candidates

Work steadily through the paper.

Do not spend too long on one question.

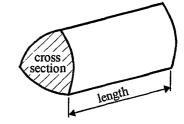
Show all stages in any calculations.

If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one.

Return at the end to those questions you have left out.

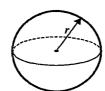
Formulae – Higher Tier You must not write on this formula page. Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

Volume of prism = area of cross-section \times length

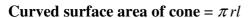


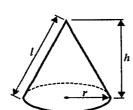
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

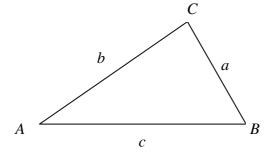


Volume of cone = $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$





In any triangle ABC



Sine Rule:

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine Rule: $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of a triangle = $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
, where $a \ne 0$, are given by $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$

Answer ALL FIFTEEN questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

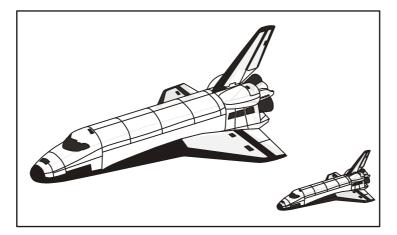
You must NOT use a calculator

1.	S = 2p + 3q		
	p = -4 $q = 5$		
	(a) Work out the value of <i>S</i> .		
		<i>S</i> =	(2)
	T = 2m + 30		
	T = 40		
	(b) Work out the value of <i>m</i> .		
		<i>m</i> =	(2)

Leave
blank

What fraction of the mi	oney does Max receiv	ve?	
zia receives £60			
Work out how much m	oney Lillian receives		
			£
			(Total 5 mar

3. Picture **NOT** accurately drawn



A model of a space shuttle is made to a scale of 2 centimetres to 1 metre.

The length of the space shuttle is 24 metres.

Give your answer in centimetres.

(a) Work out the length of the model.

cn					
(2)					

The height of the model is 10 centimetres.

(b) Work out the height of the space shuttle.

Give your answer in metres.

m	
(2	2
(Total 4 marks	;

4. (a) $-3 \le n < 2$

n is an integer.

Write down all the possible values of n.

(2)

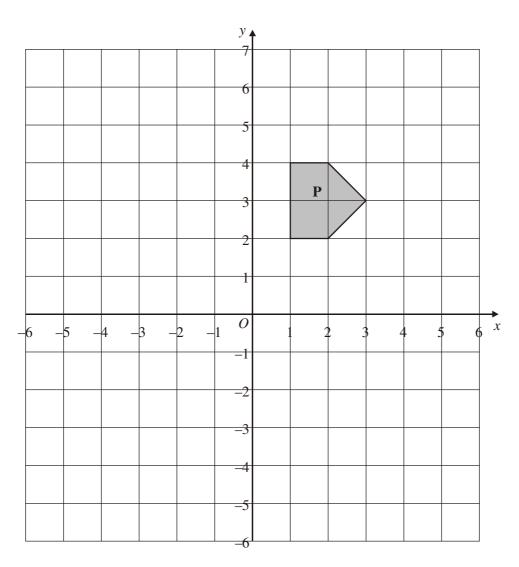
(b) Solve the inequality

$$5x < 2x - 6$$

(2) (Total 4 marks)

5. Work out $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5}$

6.



On the grid, rotate the shaded shape $\bf P$ one quarter turn anticlockwise about $\it O$.

Label the new shape Q.

Leave
blank

7.	(a)	Solve	4x + 3 = 19

x =

(2)

(b) Solve
$$4y + 1 = 2y + 8$$

y =.....

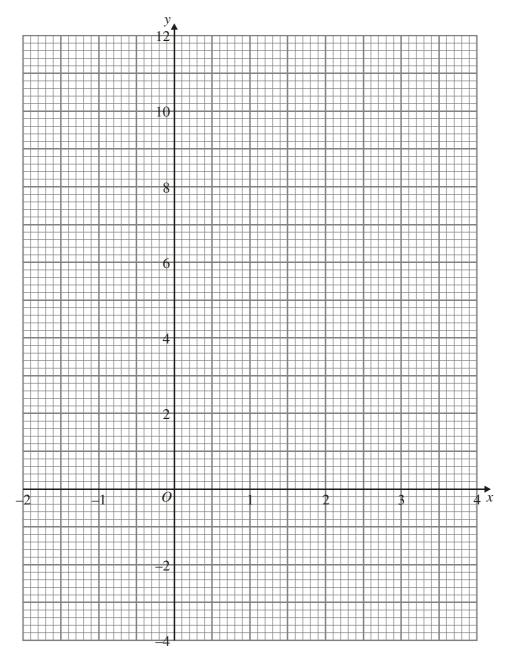
(2)

8. (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - 3x + 1$

х	-2	- 1	0	1	2	3	4
у	11		1	-1			5

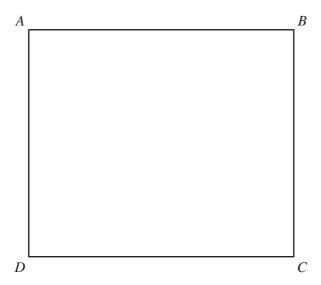
(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2 - 3x + 1$



(2)

9.



ABCD is a rectangle.

Shade the set of points inside the rectangle which are both

more than 4 centimetres from the point A and more than 1 centimetre from the line DC.

(Total 4 marks)

10. Hajra's weekly pay this year is £240 This is 20% more than her weekly pay last year.

Bill says 'This means Hajra's weekly pay last year was £192'.

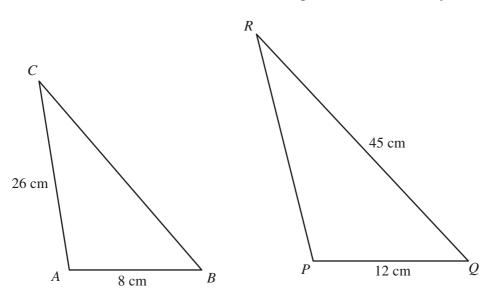
Bill is wrong,

		1)
1)	Explain why.	

(b) Work out Hajra's weekly pay last year.

£	•••				•				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•				
																			4	1	1)	١	

Diagrams NOT accurately drawn



The two triangles ABC and PQR are mathematically similar.

Angle A = angle P.

Angle B = angle Q.

AB = 8 cm.

AC = 26 cm.

PQ = 12 cm.

 $Q\tilde{R} = 45 \text{ cm}.$

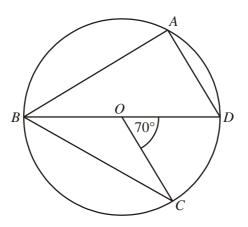
(a) Work out the length of *PR*.

											•		.cm
													(2)

(b) Work out the length of *BC*.

 cı	1
(2	
(Total 4 marks)

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



A, B, C and D are points on the circ	cumference of a circle, centre O.
BOD is a straight line.	
Angle $COD = 70^{\circ}$	

(a) Find the size of angle BAD.

Give a reason for your answer.

.....(2)

(b) Find the size of angle *CBD*.

Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

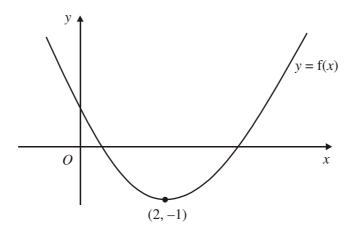
13. By eliminating y, find the solutions to the simultaneous equations.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$y = x - 7$$

or
$$x = \dots y = \dots$$

(a)	Write down the value of $8^{\frac{1}{3}}$
	(1)
8√8	can be written in the form 8^k
(b)	Find the value of k .
	k =
,	(1)
8√8	can also be expressed in the form $m\sqrt{2}$ where m is a positive integer.
(c)	Express $8\sqrt{8}$ in the form $m\sqrt{2}$
	(2)
(d)	Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{1}{8\sqrt{8}}$
	Give your answer in the form $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{p}$ where p is a positive integer.
	(Total 6 marks)
	(2) (Total 6 marks)



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation y = f(x)The minimum point of the curve is at (2, -1)

Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation

(i) y = f(x + 2)

.....

(ii) y = 3f(x)

•••••

(iii) y = f(2x)

(Total 3 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 60 MARKS

END

Leave	
blank	

BLANK PAGE

2544 Unit 4 Higher tier Practice Paper C (Section A – Non-Calculator) Answers

- 1 (a) 7
 - (b) 5
- 2 (a) $\frac{3}{10}$
 - (b) £24
- 3 (a) 48 cm
 - (b) 5 m
- 4 (a) -3, -2, -1, 0, 1
 - (b) x < -2
- $5 \frac{13}{15}$
- 6 Correct rotation
- 7 (a) 4
 - (b) 3.5 or equivalent
- 8 (a) 5, -1, 1
 - (b) Correct graph
- 9 Correct diagram
- 10 (a) £192 increased by 20% gives £230.40 not £240
 - (b) £200
- 11 (a) 39 cm
 - (b) 30 cm
- 12 (a) 90°, Angle in a semi-circle is a right-angle
 - (b) 35°, Angle at the centre is twice the angle at the circumference
- 13 x = 3, y = -4 x = 4, y = -3
- 14 (a) 2
 - (b) 1.5 or equivalent
 - (c) $16\sqrt{2}$
 - (d) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{32}$
- 15 (i) (0, -1)
 - (ii) (2, -3)
 - (iii) (1, -1)